## SIMIA S PHINX?



## Cilaracter Genericus.

Dentes Primores utrinque quatuor, approximati. Laniarii folitarii, longiores, hinc remoti. Molares obtufi.

> Lin. Sy/t. Nat. p. $34-$
> Cl. Manmalia.-Ord. Primates.

Character Specificus.
SIMIA SEMICAUDATA, ore vibriffato, unguibus acuminatis, natibus calvis?

Lin. Syft. Nat. p. 35.

Simiarum que communiter Papiones nominantur, duæ funt fpecies adeo inter fe fimiles, ut revera licet diverfæ, plerumque tamen ab auctoribus, qui fuis oculis vifas fibi invicem collatas non fedulo examinaverint, pro una eademque fpecie defcripta fint: Simia nempe Spbine et Simia Maimon Linniet.

Præcipue diftinguuntur diverfa magnitudine: Sphinge enim multo minor eft Maimon : fed difcrepat et vultus color: Sphinx enim nafum habet medium fanguinei ruboris, Maimon obfcure tantum incarnatum. Sphingis etiam natibus multo vividior
eft rubor, regionique lumborum color omnino cæruled. violaceus, qui in iifäem partibus alterius viẍ et ne vix confpici poteft. Ad cætera vero adco funt affines hx duæ̇ fpecies ut non mirum fit fi incertum difcrimen plurimos primo vifu fefellerit.

Rariffimus eft Simiæ Sphingis in Eiropa confpectus; Maimonis frequentior, et fere quotidianus. Utræque Africæ calidiores regiones inhabitant. Speciatim notandum eft nomina et fynonima harum fecierum feriptores communiter permifcuiffe: Livner enim Maimon multo melius cum hac noftra fpecie convenit quam cum illa quam ipfe nomine Sphingis defcripfit. Sufpicor ctiam (ut plane rem confitear, ) hanc ipfam fpeciem hic depictam non efle Sphingem Linneti. Ad altitudinem quinque pedum et ultra crefcit Sphinx; Maimon vix tres fuperat.


## THE

## VARIEGATED BABOON.



## Generic Character.

Front-Teetb in each jaw 4, placed near together. Canine-Teetb folitary, longer than the others, diftant from the remaining teeth, or grinders. Grinders obtufe.

> Specific Gharacter, ©c.

SHORT-TAILED WHISKERED SIMIA, bare behind, with pointed nails, and violetcoloured loins,

GREAT BABOON.
Pennant Hift. Quadi. p. ${ }^{173 .}$

Amongft the fpecies of Simix called Baboons there are two, which though really very diftinct from each other, have yet fo great a general refemblance, that fome authors, not having had opportunities of examining and comparing both fpecies, have confounded them with each other; thefe two animals are the Simia Sphinx and the Simia Maimon of Linneus.

The moft ftriking difference is in point of fize; the Sphinx being by much the largeft of the two ; but there is alfo a confiderable difference in the colour of
the face: the middle of the nofe, which in the Niamon is merely of a dull flefh-colour, is in the Sphinx of a fanguine red: the hinder part of the Sphinx is alfo of a much more intenfe red than in the Maimon; and the fkin round the region of the loins is tinged with a very ftrong and fine violet-colour, which is fearce, if at all perceptible in the Maimon. In other particulars, they fo much agree that it is no wonder they fhould have been frequently miftaken for one and the fame fpecies.

The S. Sphinx is a much rarer animal than the Maimon, and indeed is but very feldom to be feen in Eu. rope ; whereas the Maimon is not uncommon in moft exhibitions of animals. Both fpecies are natives of the hottèr parts of Africa, It fhould be particularly obferved that a general confufion feems to take place in the defcriptions and fynonyms of authors relative to thefe two animals; for the defcription given by LuxNeve of his S . Maimon agrees much better with our fuppofed Sphinx than with the fpecies fo named by Linnetus. I am even inclined to fufpect after all, that the S. Sphinx of Linnseus cannot be the animal here reprefented. The Sphinx grows to the height of upwards of 5 fect : the Maimon rarely exceeds 2 or 3 is fartheft.

